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CSE

Course : Management Information system
Course code MIS-435

Ans: the: Q: NO: 01

(a) Reduce Cost of MTC :

The cost reduce process is a business process is a business practice nearly all organization should plan for in order to keep growing & profiting.

Whether you're dealing with market downturning or anticipating future financial losses, a well-executed cost reduction strategy is what you need to save on the budget & maintain profitability.

Two-thirds of all companies worldwide expect to undergo proposal realized in response to growing financial pressures.

But a poorly configured cost reaction proceed can mess with your internal operation & even end up costing your company more in the long run.

Cost reduction refers to the process of permanently undernacty the expences involved in manufacturing products or rendering services. It comes about

without unduly impairing the quality of the product or service.

Examples:

Some common cost reduction examples are:

- Reducing labour costs by automating routine tasks or by outsourcing non-core business functions.
 - Bringing down office expenses, such as decreasing scaling down on office space by offering remote working options.
 - Negotiating better terms with suppliers to source material at lower costs or be offered higher trade discounts,
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(b) Switching cost:

switching cost are costs that a consumer incurs when switching brands, products, services, or suppliers. switching cost is also known as switching barrier.

The higher the cost of switching, the less likely products services or suppliers.

Establish High switching cost:

Companies that create unique products that have few substitutes & require significant effort to perfect their use enjoy significant switching costs. Consider Intuit Inc, offer its customers various bookkeep software solution, because learning to use intuit's applications takes significant time, often seed training costs, few users are willing to switch away from intuit.

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(a) Benefite for "Lock in suppliers or Buyers":

Lock-in is a situation in which a customer using provided or service cannot easily translation to a competitor's product or service.

- Bargain for initial sweeteners such as discounts or support for switching from your previous system.
- Track customer purchase behavior over time & purchase frequency.
- prove company future value & revenue to based on locked-in customers.
- Building a direct one to one relationship with customers.
- Reduce manufacturing cost by ordering bigger quantities due to better prediction of long term demand.
- This strategy makes it difficult for the competition to move into your market space because customers cannot switch easily.

(b) Strategic information systems & Creating & maintaining :-

A strategic information system is mainly developed for business invitation. Strategic information is used for gaining competitive advantage & formulating business strategies by organizations.

A low-price differentiated & mainly concentrates on a demanding market section. Strategic information system managed by system that helps to set goals & organize activities for an organization. It allows you to organize activities for an organization.

A strategic information system can offer competitive advantage to maintain in an organization by the following ways :-

① Creating barriers to competitors entry:

In this strategy, an organization uses information systems to provide products or services that are highly specialized markets.

② Generating database to improve marketing:

A information system also provides companies an edge over their competition by generating.

③ Locking in customers & suppliers:

Another way of gaining competitive advantage is by locking in customers & suppliers.

④ Lowering the costs of the products:

strategic information system may also help organizations lower their internal costs.

⑤ Leveraging technology in the value chain:

This approach pinpoints specific activities in the business where competitive strategies can be best applied & where information system are likely to have a generaten strategic impact.

(a) Parameters of managerial Discretion:

Managerial discretion is the latitude of action afforded to a manager. This literature classically focused ecology's assertion that executives make strategic decisions & thus have considerable influence over firm-level outcomes.

within the management literature, scholars posit three categories that constrain or these activities:-

- ① The task environment
- ② The internal Organization &
- ③ Managerial characteristics.

Recently a fourth category, national institutions was added to the managerial discretion model.

while the managerial discretion literature has typically focused on upper echelons. scholars are increasing their examination of mid-level managers discretion science many of the constructs enabling & considering factors are also relevant for managers

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who are subordinate to senior strategic planning activities by mid-level managers to influence executives perceived discretion is an to improve our understanding of discretion afforded to mid level managers.

Here are those things:-

- ① The element of managerial discretion.
- ② Limit the degree of managerial discretion
- ③ Be transparent.

However problems were when a decision maker un fairly exercises, or is seen to un fairly exercise their managerial discretion.

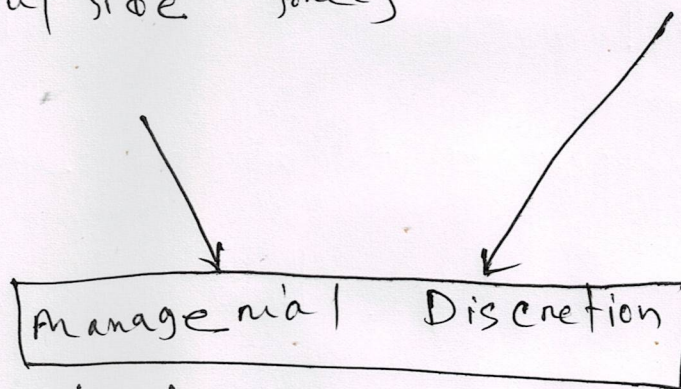
G.P.T

Task Environment

- Product differentiability +
- Market Growth +
- Commoditizing Industry structure
- Demand Instability +
- Quasilegal constraints / Regulation -
- powerful outside forces

Internal Organization

- Internal forces -
- Resource Availability +
- Powerful inside forces -
- slack +



Managerial characteristics

- Aspiration level +
- commitment to the status quo -
- Tolerance for Ambiguity +
- cognitive complexity +
- Locus of control
- Internal locus of control -
- power Base +
- Isomorphic pressure -

Fig: Summary of Results of the Antecedents of managerial discretion.

(a) Creating a SIS :

A student Information system (SIS) is basically a software solution that enables educational institutions to digitize & consequently manage student information more efficiently. When educational institutions decide to switch from storing & managing student information manually to using a student information system, that decision brings in a host of benefits, that is for the school on the whole. To further explain though administrators are usually the ones that make the most of SIS. It is equally beneficial for teachers, students & guardians.

* Creating a new SIS integration :

1. To create a new SIS integration, on the IPSIS Administration page. click Add SIS.
2. On the IPSIS Administration page, in the select your SIS section, select an SIS source system type from the dropdown.
3. Click next.

4. In the SIS name field enter a unique name for this SIS integration or leave the default name.

5. Answer the rest of the questions, including those pertaining to overwrites in the Brightspace platform, people, courses & sections & departments & other any units which correspond to the SIS provider you selected.

6. When you complete your configuration, click save configuration.

There are six steps to successfully implement a student Information system:-

* Step 1: In higher education, the beginning of a semester is a flurry of activity & the final few weeks are too. in set an implementation schedule.

* Step 2: Determine how much data to convert:

Data conversion is the process of taking your school's old data & putting it into the new student management system.

* Step 3: Validate data: No matter which data entry method you choose to convert to the new SIS, data validation is one of the most important steps in this process to ensure a successful implementation.

Step 4: Configure the system:

While the data is being validated, your new vendor will also be configuring your new SIS.

Step 5: Integrate third-party platforms:

It's essential that your new student data management software plays nicely with third-party platforms.

Step 6: Training & support for users:

The best SIS providers offer customized & detailed on-site & online training & identifying your IT staff & other users who will need training & hold them accountable for the training & testing.