

NAME - Immortal Fendous Sonya

ID- 1118950011

Course - Code Fin - 329

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Ans: to the Q.No. 02

* The proportion principal in each installed

$$= \text{Loan Amount} \div \text{Year}$$

$$= 50,00,000 \div 5$$

$$= 10,00,000$$

Loan Amortization Schedule under Balloon payment + method

Year	Beginning Loan	Interest 12%	Principle	Installment Repayment	Balance	-
1	50,00,000	6,00,000	10,00,000	16,00,000	40,000	-
2	40,00,000	4,80,000	10,00,000	14,80,000	30,00,000	-
3	30,00,000	3,60,000	10,00,000	13,60,000	20,00,000	-
4	20,00,000	2,40,000	10,00,000	12,40,000	10,00,000	-
5	10,00,000	1,20,000	10,00,000	11,20,000	00	-

NAME - Jannatul Ferdous Sonya

ID - 1118450011

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Ans. to the Q. No-06

■ Owner's Capital

An owner's capital account is the equity accounted listed in the balance sheet of a business. It represents the net ownership interests of investors in a business. This account contains the investment of the owners in the business and the net income earned by it, which is reduced by any draws paid out to the owners.

■ Retained Earnings

Are the amount of profit a company has left over after paying all its direct costs, indirect costs, income taxes and its dividends of shareholders. This represents

NAME- Jammatul Ferdous Sonja

ID - 1118450011

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the portion of the company's equity that can be used, for instance, to invest in new equipment, R & D and marketing.

Lease

A lease is a contract outlining the terms under which one party agrees to rent an asset - in the case, property owned by another party. It guarantees the lessee, also known as the tenant use of the property and guarantees the lessor (the property owner or landlord) regular payments for a specific period in exchange. Both the lessee and the lessor face consequences if they fail to uphold the terms of the contract.

A lease is a form of incorporeal right.

NAME - Jamnabai Fendous Sonja

ID - 1118950011

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Leverage lease

is usually used when an entity does not have the funds to buy the asset outright nor do they necessarily want to keep the asset for long term. A leverage lease allows to lessee to obtain a loan for the leased assets value during the lease term and repay the loan over the life of the lease.

Equity shares

Equity shares are long-term financing source for any company. These shares are issued to the general public are non-redeemable in nature. Investors in such shares hold the right to vote, share profits and claim assets of a company.

NAME - Jammatul Ferdous Sonja

ID - 1118950011

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Ans to the Q. No - 9

Cost of Trade Credit

$$\text{Cost of trade credit} = \frac{(1 + \frac{\% \text{ discount}}{1 - \% \text{ discount}}) \frac{365}{\text{days past discount}}}{-1}$$

Base	Base + "interest" $\frac{\% \text{ discount}}{1 - \% \text{ discount}}$
Discounted payment 98%	Full payment 100%

or interest for
first 10 days $x\%$ interest for
up to 50 days

Invoice
credit terms
2/10
Net 60

10 days

Due

60 days

Δx is minimised when

payment is stretched till due date

$$x_{50} = (1 + 0.02/0.98)(365/50) - 1 \\ = 15.9\%$$

Trade credit is a spontaneous form of credit in which a purchaser of the goods or service is financing its purchase by delaying in the date on which payment is made. It is often regarded as a form of interest free loan.

NAME - Jamnathul Ferdous Sonoya

ID - 1118950011

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effective annual rate given, the cost of trade credit is even higher.

* The problem is shown with a diagram:

Credit period begin		Credit period end
0 day	today	A discount period end
pay 98 taka ↑		↑ Pay 100 taka

← credit period →

$$k_t = \frac{\text{Discount Rate}}{100 - \text{Discount Rate}} \times \frac{360}{\text{Credit period} - \text{discount period}}$$

where: Discount Rate = 2

Discount Period = 10

Credit period = 30

k_t = Nominal Annual cost of trade credit - ?

NAME - Jamnatul Ferdous Sonya

ID - 1118950011

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$$I_{st} = \frac{2}{100-2} \times \frac{360}{30-10}$$

$$= \frac{2}{98} \times \frac{360}{20}$$

$$= 0.0204 \times 18$$

$$= 0.3672$$

$$= 36.72\%$$

Ans.

NAME - Jommatul Ferdous Sonya

ID - 1118950012

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Ans to the Q.No - 05

Q. Short term financing

Short term financing means taking out a loan to make a purchase, usually with a loan term of less than one year. There are many different types of short-term financing, the most common of which are "Buy Now, Pay later," "Unsecured Personal Loans," and "payday loans."

Q. Objects

Short term goals should consist of setting a budget, reducing your debt, and starting an emergency fund. There are plenty of free online budgeting tools to help you learn how to budget. Once you figure out a budget, it's important to

NAME - Jammatul Ferdous Sonya

ID - 111S950011

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Start thinking about how you can reduce your debt. A short-term goal is something you want to do in the near future. The near future can mean today, this week this month, or even this year. A short term goal is something you want to accomplish soon. A short term goal is a goal you can achieve in 12 months or less.

■ Spontaneous finance

In business, "spontaneous finance" refers to financing that arises out of regular, day-to-day operations. Unlike with other common sources of financing, such as loans or bonds, obtaining additional spontaneous financing doesn't require any special action by the company, it just

Name - Jammatul Ferdous Sonja

ID - 118950011

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"happens," hence the name spontaneous. The two primary sources of spontaneous finance for most business are trade credit and accruals. Accounts payable (Trade credit from ~~sup~~ Suppliers) Trade liabilities are a form of short term form of short term financing common to almost all business. In fact they are the collectively the largest source of short term funds for business firms. In an advanced economy, most buyers are not required to pay for the goods upon delivery but are allowed a short determine period before payment is due. During this period the seller of goods extent credit to buyer. Because the suppliers are more liberal in the extension of crediting are financial institution, companies - especially small ones - rely heavily on this trade credit.